



EU Reference Laboratory for *E. coli*
Department of Veterinary Public Health and Food Safety
Unit of Foodborne Zoonoses
Istituto Superiore di Sanità



Basic Course on Bioinformatics tools for Next Generation Sequencing data mining

11-12 June, 2015

SIDBAE Training Room

(Building 1, Floor B)

Istituto Superiore di Sanità

Viale Regina Elena, 299 – Rome, Italy

The trendy “Omics” approach I

- Is changing the labs language
- Computers are becoming more and more visible in the labs
- Increasing importance of Data Storage and Sharing
- Structural re-think of the Labs management (Storage and back-up facilities, fast internet, compression, encryption and other data protection measures)
- Computing hardware become quickly obsolete

High throughput Sequence Data

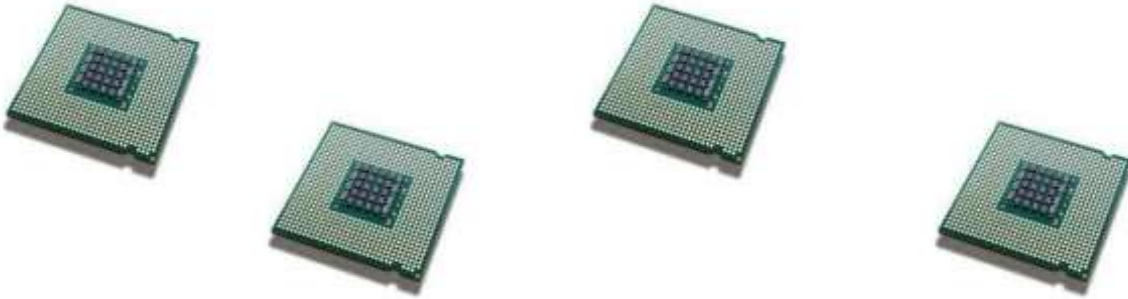


High storage capacity

Table 4: The comparison between PGM and MiSeq.

	PGM	MiSeq
Output	10 MB–100 MB	120 MB–1.5 GB
Read length	~200 bp	Up to 2 × 150 bp
Sequencing time	2 hours for 1 × 200 bp	3 hours for 1 × 36 single read 27 hours for 2 × 150 bp pair end read
Sample preparation time	8 samples in parallel, less than 6 hrs	As fast as 2 hrs, with 15 minutes hand on time
Sequencing method	semiconductor technology with a simple sequencing chemistry	Sequencing by synthesis (SBS)
Potential for development	Various parameters (read length, cycle time, accuracy, etc.)	Limited factors, major concentrate in flowcell surface size, insert sizes, and how to pack cluster in tighter
Input amount	μg	Ng (Nextera)
Data analysis	Off instrument	On instrument

Computationally intensive applications



The assembly of a bacterial genome (approx 600 MB) takes approx 30mins to 5 hours and completely occupies the computation capacity of a processor (or a core of a quad-cores processor)

The assembly of a metagenomics sample (up to more than 3 GB) may take days and in some cases it will not be assembled at all (regardless the number of cores available)

The trendy “Omics” approach II

- Growth curve and colony morphology is going to be replaced by other concepts such as the Phred score or NG50
- Computing “omics” data requires expertise that is still scanty in the average NRL
- To get oriented in the blast of info proposing bioinformatics software might be a nightmare

Data analysis: The Black Hole

```
Chr1 3395973 rs143478237 ACC A 83 PASS DB;DP=9;HP=5;NF=3;NFS=3;NR=0;NRS=0;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=ARHGEF16 GT:GQ 1/1:9
Chr1 3545175 rs147637374 GTTCTGGGAGCTCCTCCCC G 141 PASS DB;DP=55;HP=2;NF=2;NFS=5;NR=5;NRS=13;VCQ=SPICE_SITE:3PRIME_UTR;VCQNC=UPSTREAM;VGN=TPRGL1 GT:GQ 0/1:99
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##FILTER=<ID=vw,Description="Other indel in window had higher likelihood">
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##INFO=<ID=HP,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Reference homopolymer tract length">
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##INFO=<ID=NR,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Number of reads covering non-ref variant on reverse strand">
##INFO=<ID=NRS,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Number of reads covering non-ref variant site on reverse strand">
##VariantAnnotator=analysis_type=VariantAnnotator input_files=[ sample_metadata=[] read_buffer_size=null phone_home=STANDARD read_filter=[] intervals=null excludeIntervals=null reference_sequence=/lustre
/scratch103/ensembl/ces/ref/human_g1k_v37.fasta rodBind=[/lustre/scratch101/ensembl/ces/NEW/mapping_live/output/27299/27299_Vant1_603939.vcf,/lustre/scratch103/ensembl/ces/data/snps/dbsnp/dbsnp134_20110
816_SureSelect_All_Exon_50Mb_CTRplus.vcf.gz] rodToIntervalTrackName=null BTI_merge_rule=UNION nonDeterministicRandomSeed=false DBSNP=null downsampling_type=null downsample_to_fraction=null downsample_to_c
overage=null baq=OFF baqGapOpenPenalty=40.0 performanceLog=null useOriginalQualities=false defaultBaseQualities=-1 validation_strictness=SILENT unsafe=null num_threads=1 interval_merging=ALL read_group_bla
ck_list=null processingTracker=null restartProcessingTracker=false processingTrackerStatusFile=null processingTrackerID=-1 allow_intervals_with_unindexed_bam=false disable_experimental_low_memory_shardin
g=false logging_level=ERROR log_to_file=null help=false out-org.broadinstitute.sting.gatk.io.stubs.VCFWriterStub NO_HEADER=org.broadinstitute.sting.gatk.io.stubs.VCFWriterStub sites_only=org.broadinstitut
e.sting.gatk.io.stubs.VCFWriterStub sampleName=null annotation=[] group=[] expression=[] useAllAnnotations=false list=false assume_single_sample_reads=null vcfContainsOnlyIndels=false
##reference=/lustre/scratch103/ensembl/ces/ref/Homo_sapiens_GRCh37_53.fasta
##source=Dindel
##INFO=<ID=VCQNC,Number=1,Type=String,Description="Highest consequences (from ensembl VEP) - non coding genes (if available and only transcripts without a translation are included). Highest splice consequ
ence : (if applicable), followed by most severe consequence.">
##INFO=<ID=VPI,Number=1,Type=String,Description="Protein id (from ensembl VEP) associated with the most severe consequence in the VCQ field (if applicable). Note one is selected.">
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applicable), followed by most severe consequence.">
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#CHROM POS ID REF ALT QUAL FILTER INFO FORMAT SC_PND5230406
Chr1 866511 rs146519568 C CCCCT 13 q20 DB;DP=34;HP=4;NF=0;NFS=1;NR=1;NRS=7;VCQ=INTRONIC;VGN=SAMD11 GT:GQ 0/1:13
Chr1 874950 rs149166309 T TCCCTGGAGGACC 148 PASS DB;DP=12;HP=3;NF=0;NFS=0;NR=4;NRS=4;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=UPSTREAM;VGN=SAMD11 GT:GQ 1/1:21
Chr1 907763 . G GTC 1 q20 DP=29;HP=4;NF=0;NFS=0;NR=2;NRS=3;VCQ=FRAMESHIFT_CODING;VCQNC=UPSTREAM;VGN=PLEKHN1;VPI=ENSP00000368719;VPP=373 GT:GQ 0/1:1
Chr1 948846 rs3841266 T TA 1013 PASS DB;DP=48;HP=1;NF=23;NFS=23;NR=1;NRS=1;VCQ=5PRIME_UTR;VCQNC=UPSTREAM;VGN=ISG15 GT:GQ 1/1:75
Chr1 957967 rs141489152 T TTGTAGTCTGACCTGGTCTGAC 141 PASS DB;DP=20;HP=2;NF=1;NFS=1;NR=2;NRS=2;VCQ=INTRONIC;VGN=AGRN GT:GQ 1/1:28
Chr1 970549 rs56001364 TGG T 96 hp10 DB;DP=254;HP=13;NF=12;NFS=22;NR=2;NRS=2;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=AGRN GT:GQ 1/1:11
Chr1 978603 rs146114193 CCT C 91 PASS DB;DP=14;HP=4;NF=3;NFS=4;NR=0;NRS=2;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=UPSTREAM;VGN=AGRN GT:GQ 0/1:91
Chr1 984171 rs140904842 CAG C 7 q20 DB;DP=5;HP=1;NF=1;NFS=1;NR=0;NRS=0;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=WITHIN_NON_CODING_GENE;VGN=AGRN GT:GQ 0/1:7
Chr1 999041 rs144946318 ATG A 13 q20 DB;DP=5;HP=1;NF=1;NFS=2;NR=0;NRS=0;VCQ=INTRONIC GT:GQ 1/1:5
Chr1 1158534 rs59317408 G GAC 119 PASS DB;DP=25;HP=1;NF=4;NFS=7;NR=0;NRS=1;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=UPSTREAM;VGN=SDFA GT:GQ 0/1:99
Chr1 1158562 rs139833693 AAC A 119 PASS DB;DP=47;HP=2;NF=5;NFS=10;NR=0;NRS=1;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=UPSTREAM;VGN=SDFA GT:GQ 0/1:99
Chr1 1276973 rs145370195 G GACAC 473 PASS DB;DP=34;HP=1;NF=7;NFS=9;NR=2;NRS=2;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=DOWNSTREAM;VGN=DVL1 GT:GQ 1/1:6
Chr1 1289367 rs140777846 CTG C 1102 PASS DB;DP=84;HP=1;NF=16;NFS=16;NR=8;NRS=8;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=MXRAB GT:GQ 1/1:72
Chr1 1323143 rs147796530 CCT C 430 PASS DB;DP=14;HP=3;NF=8;NFS=8;NR=1;NRS=1;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=CNL2 GT:GQ 1/1:30
Chr1 1325493 . CA C 23 hp10 DP=46;HP=20;NF=8;NFS=11;NR=0;NRS=0;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=CNL2 GT:GQ 1/1:16
Chr1 1588744 rs79724854 AGCG A 133 PASS DB;DP=599;HP=1;NF=1;NFS=1;NR=20;NRS=29;VCQ=DOWNSTREAM;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=SLC35E2B GT:GQ 0/1:99
Chr1 1633003 . C CGG 154 PASS DP=5;HP=9;NF=4;NFS=4;NR=1;NRS=1;VCQ=DOWNSTREAM;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=CDK11A GT:GQ 1/1:15
Chr1 1647649 rs70937179 C CT 410 PASS DB;DP=31;HP=1;NF=10;NFS=10;NR=0;NRS=0;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=CDK11A GT:GQ 1/1:29
Chr1 1647893 rs144636354 C CTTTCTT 1134 PASS DB;DP=236;HP=3;NF=1;NFS=3;NR=30;NRS=33;VAA=R/KER;VCQ=NON_SYNONYMOUS_CODING;VCQNC=WITHIN_NON_CODING_GENE;VGN=CDK11A;VPI=ENSP00000422149;VPP=1
27 GT:GQ 0/1:99
Chr1 1647968 rs146207119 C CAT 7 q20 DB;DP=115;HP=1;NF=3;NFS=4;NR=5;NRS=32;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=CDK11A GT:GQ 0/1:7
Chr1 1650639 . CCA C 35 PASS DP=124;HP=2;NF=2;NFS=15;NR=0;NRS=0;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=CDK11A GT:GQ 0/1:35
Chr1 1653332 rs34272957 GT G 5 q20 DB;DP=8;HP=2;NF=0;NFS=0;NR=1;NRS=1;VCQ=INTRONIC;VCQNC=INTRONIC;VGN=CDK11A GT:GQ 1/1:4
Ingos-MacBook-Pro:NLIS3_4 ih$
```

Data analysis: Software suites



- *de novo* assembly
- Alignment of sequences, production of VCF files, production of dendrograms
- MLST
- Search for interesting genes

USER-(almost)FRIENDLY INTERFACE, Slow processing, RAM needed



- *de novo* assembly
- Search for interesting genes
- Alignment of sequences, production of VCF files

**BUILT IN THE ION TORRENT TECHNOLOGY PACKAGE
IT ADMIN BY LifeTech**

Data analysis: Specialized web servers



- Species identification
- *de novo* assembly tools
- VirulenceFinder
- ResFinder
- MLST
- SNPs tree and newly developed NGS-driven phylogenetic tools
- Other useful molecular microbiology/epi tools

FREE, USER-FRIENDLY WEB INTERFACE, COMPLETELY CLOSED ENVIRONMENT, LIMITED POSSIBILITY TO INTERVENE FOR USERS



Data analysis: web servers for general “omics” analysis



- can be installed locally
- can run any commnd-line running scripts
- *de novo* assembly tools
- BLAST search of interesting genes
- Alignment of sequences, production of VCF files, production of dendrograms
- virtually unlimited possibilities.....

OPEN SOURCE, USER-FRIENDLY WEB INTERFACE, OPEN FOR INTRODUCTION OF CUSTOMIZED TOOLS, ELECTION PLATFORM FOR DEVELOPING AND SHARING OF NEW TOOLS, NEEDS IT ADMINISTRATION



What we had in mind...

Bring “omics” into the NRLs real life while keeping (almost) all those problems out

Build knowledge on these game-changing approaches in our network

Provide new analytical tools for *E. coli* detection and typing based on “omics”

Develop a flexible platform for Routine Work as well as Research

Keeping an eye on how the molecular surveillance will develop



ARIES: A shared workspace for intensive data analyses

Galaxy / ARIES - ISS

Analyze Data | Workflow | Shared Data | Visualization | Help | User | Using 8.0 GB

search tools

COMMON TOOLS

- Get Data
- Send Data
- Link-Over
- Text Manipulation
- Filter and Sort
- Join, Subtract and Cross
- Convert Formats
- Extract Features
- Fetch Sequences
- Fetch Alignments
- Statistics
- Graph/Display Data

SHIPAP TOOLS

- HiCviz
- Assembly
- NCBI Blast
- Manipulation
- Mapping
- Gene Annotation
- FASTA manipulation
- NGS Mapping
- NGS, QC and manipulation
- Operate on Genomic Intervals
- MetaGenomics

Workflows

- Sciences Index (ISI)
- MLST_coli_workflow
- E_coli_Virulence_index
- SerotypeIndex
- Assembly_SPADIS_InvScaffolds
- All workflows

Istituto Superiore di Sanita

ARIES - Advanced Research Infrastructure for Experimentation in Genomics - Galaxy Instance at ISS

History

search history

- metagenomics Biosciotes (9 views, 14 deleted) 6.7 GB
- 24: Krona chart on data 73
- 23: smcseqmapped to Mobio 15 trimmed
- 20: blastx FASTQ to E-ASTA on data 55 vs Viral proteins Database 31052015
- 65: FASTQ to FASTA on data 23
- 63: FastQC on data 55: B avData
- 62: FastQC on data 55: W rbase
- 59: FASTQ positional on 4 quality trimming on da 30.1.100
- 55: Mobio15-trimmed_f ASTQ
- 45: viral_1_Lentomic.fasta
- 44: Viral proteins Database vs 31052015
- 43: viral_Lentomic.fasta
- 38: viral_nondependant_n rstein_Lentomic.fasta
- 26: protein_BLAST_outab avc from data 25
- 25: viral_nondependant_n rstein_Lentomic.fasta
- 19: Species assigned to megablast FASTQ to FASTA Mobio15 vs 265_201510120
- 6: Mobio15 FASTA vs Vir uses_201
- 3: Mobio15 FASTA E. coli virulence genes
- 2: FASTQ to FASTA Mobio 15
- 1: Mobio15_05052015.fasta

Galaxy is an open, web-based platform for data intensive biomedical research. The Galaxy team is a part of ILS at Penn State, and the Biology and Mathematics and Computer Science departments at Emory University. The Galaxy Project is supported in part by HHS/NIH NSF, The Huck Institutes of the Life Sciences, The Institute for CyberScience at Penn State, and Emory University.

ARIES: Get started

<https://aries.iss.it>



✓ **Use it now!**

Galaxy = collaboration and reproducibility

Designed for biologists and developers

Why did we do it?

You are an experimental biologist. You keep watching databases fill with more and more data. You keep thinking: *even if I knew how to use Excel as a pro, it would probably not load 12,435,654 SNPs*. So how do you perform analyses without calling somebody on the Computer Science side of campus? Suppose you want to find human promoters with the highest SNP density. There is no straightforward way of doing it without learning programming first. And this is why...

- **Databases are not analyses tools** | Databases are where you get the data. Browsers are where you visualize the results. For a bench biologist there is not much in between besides spreadsheets or Perl scripting.
- **No tools for new datatypes** | Some datatypes generated by high throughput genomics are so new that there are no tools to analyze them. For example, how do you extract sequences of coding exons from the latest 28-way alignments of vertebrate genomes or analyze quality scores from 454/Solexa/SOLiD? With Galaxy.
- **Genomics is not really reproducible** | The Methods section of too many papers sound like *the data were analyzed using a collection of in-house scripts*. How do you repeat such a study? Galaxy saves every step of your analysis and allows you to share these workflows with others.
- **Too many tools** | *Bioinformatics* publishes hundreds of application notes per year. How does one know which tool to use? Galaxy integrates a multitude of different tools by giving them the same “look and feel” and linking them to data warehouses.

ARIES: Roadmap towards a Common analytical bioinformatics interface

July 1, 2015: ARIES Opens to ISS Users

- Accounts distributed
- New sections may be created
- Open to collaborations

July 1, 2015:

- More Molecular epidemiology tools
- Metagenomics

October 31, 2015: ARIES publicly exposed (Beta)

- Accounts available at National Level
- Accounts available for the *E. coli* network
- Stress test for the architecture

October 31, 2015:

- More tools for NGS data Mining
- More tools for NGS data Visualization

January 1, 2016: ARIES on the World Wide Web (Beta)

Accounts granted to international users
Requests addressed to the IT administrator

January 2016 on...

- Other “Omics”

ARIES: Credits

The Galaxy ARIES core group:

- Stefano Morabito (EU-RL VTEC): stefano.morabito@iss.it
ARIES Scientific coordination, tools design, contact person
- Arnold Knijn (SIDBAE): arnold.knijin@iss.it
ARIES Administrator, Galaxy tools integration, contact person
- Valeria Michelacci (EU-RL VTEC): valeria.michelacci@iss.it
Tools design
- Massimiliano Orsini (IZS AM): m.orsini@izs.it
Tools design, code-writing