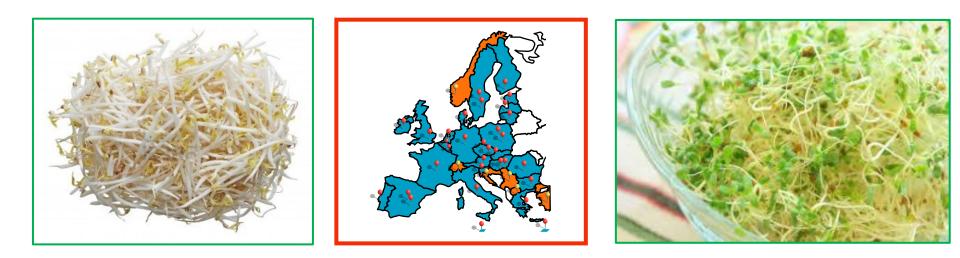
## PT14 and PT15 Detection of VTEC in sprouts







## PT14 and 15 – OBJECTIVES

- ✓ Regulation (EU) No 209/2013 has introduced for the first time microbiological criteria for VTEC in the EU legislation (sprouts)
- ✓ CEN/ISO/TS 13136 and the EU-RL procedure for the identification of VTEC 0104:H4 are prescribed for the detection of VTEC in sprouts by Reg. 209/2013
- ✓ The aims of these PTs were:
  - To improve the preparedness of the NRLs towards testing such matrix for the presence of VTEC, according to the EU rules
  - ✓ To expand the range of serogroups for which the analytical performance parameters of the detection method have been determined
  - ✓ To give further support to the NRLs and the Official Laboratories for the accreditation of the ISO/TS 13136:2012







- Three 25 g portions of sprouts potentially contaminated with VTEC were sent to the participating laboratories
- ✓ The samples were spiked with three different levels of contamination of the same VTEC strain (High level, Low level, 0)
- ✓ Organized according to the requirements of ISO 17043:2010







## PT14 and PT15 - Evaluation of the results

Assignement of penalty points for incorrect results

- RT-PCR screening step: the virulence genes that were identified incorrectly
  - 4 points for each incorrect or missing result on virulence and serogroupassociated genes
- ✓ Isolation step
  - ✓ 4 points for the lack of isolation of VTEC strain in sample A
- ✓ Performance in the overall procedure
  - $\checkmark$  Sum of penalty points obtained in the two steps of the PT
  - ✓ A sum of 8 points considered as the threshold for under-performance
- $\checkmark\,$  Evaluation of the performances of the method
  - ✓ Sensitivity (Se) and Specificity (Sp) were differentially calculated for the various VTEC characters considered in the studies
  - ✓ LOD of the isolation step was calculated

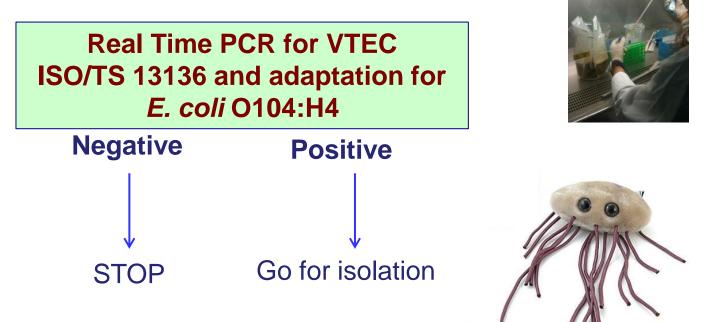




Upon reception, test samples added with 225 ml BPW and homogenized

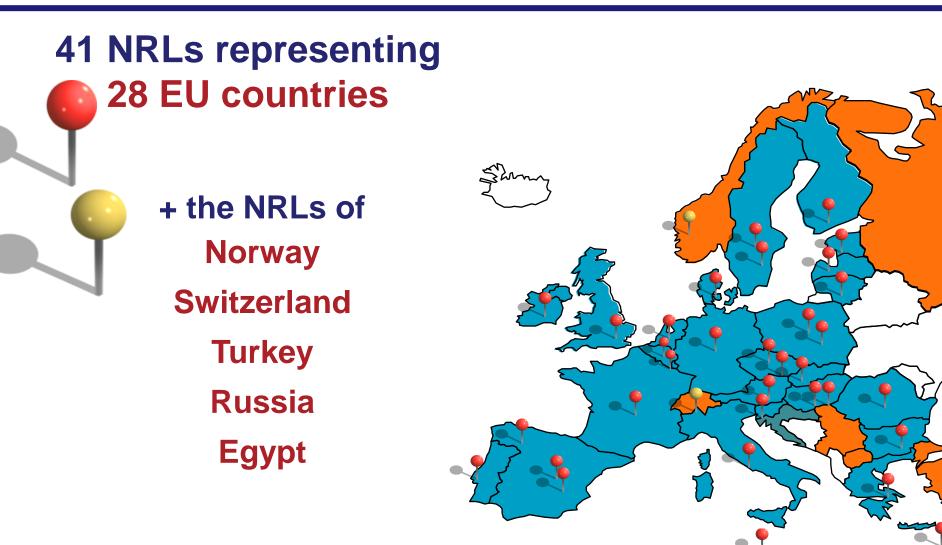
### **Extract DNA from 1 ml of enrichment cultures**















#### alpha-alpha (90 %) and watercress (10 %) sprouts

	Contamination level in:						
Contaminant ( <i>Genotype</i> )	Sample A	Sample B	Sample C				
/TEC O104 (vtx1+, vtx2-, eae-, fliC <sub>H4</sub> -, aggR-, aaiC-)	High: 1000 CFU/g	Low: 100 CFU/g	-				

#### UoM: 0,125 log CFU/ml

# Test samples were immediately refrigerated and sent on November the 24<sup>th</sup> into refrigerated safety boxes







**Stability:** *ad hoc* spiked samples were tested in a total 11 days time span (T=0, 4, 6 and 11 days)

Homogeneity: When the test samples were prepared, 10 bags for each of the three samples were randomly selected for homogeneity testing and analyzed according to the PT laboratory procedures

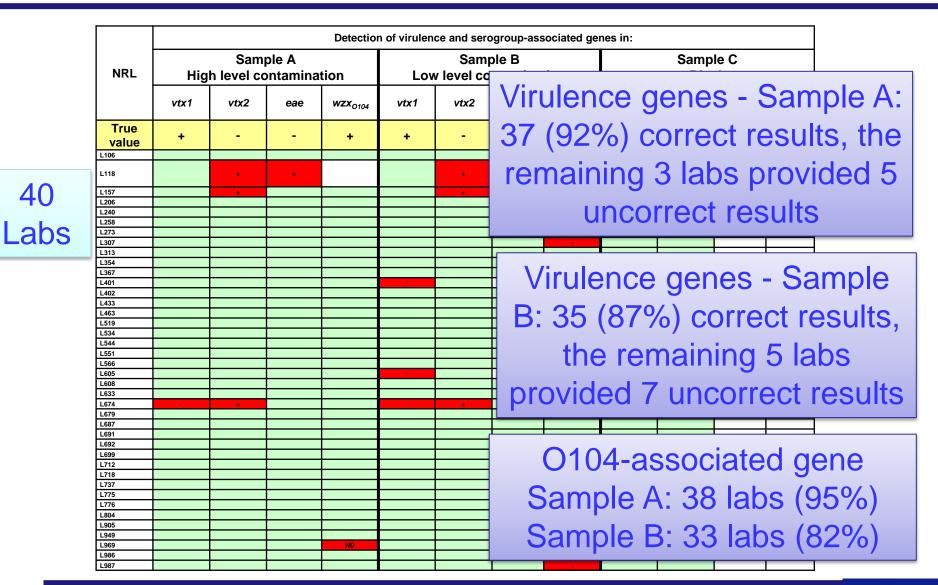
All the homogeneity and stability tests gave the expected results







#### PT14 Results: Detection of virulence and serogroup-associated genes





40



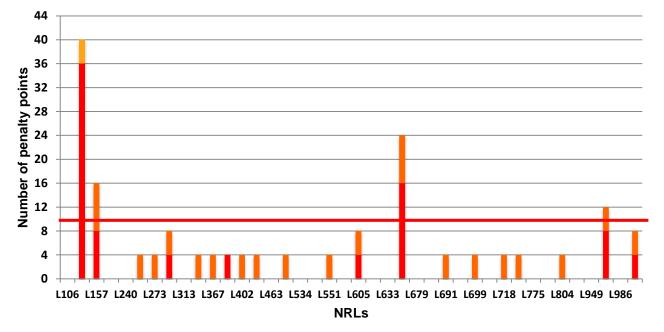
### PT 14 Results: isolation of the VTEC O104 strain

				VTEC	strain iso	lation and ge	enotyping fi	rom:				Sample A: 35 (87%) isolated
		Sample A					Sample B				Sample C	O104 strain
NRL			Gen	otype				Gei	notype			
	VTEC O104 Isolation	vtx1	vtx2	fliCH4 (H4)	aaiC and/or aggR	VTEC O104 Isolation	vtx1	vtx2	fliCH4 (H4)	<i>aaiC</i> and/or <i>aggR</i>		Sample B:
True value	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	None	27 (67%) isolated
L106 L118												
L157			+	ND				+	ND			O104 strain
L206												
L240 L258				ND					ND			
L273				ND					ND			Llowover 11 John
L307				+		-						However,11 labs
L313 L354				ND				-	ND			
L354				ND					ND			reported
L401												reported
L402				ND					ND			
L433 L463				ND					ND			uncorrect/missing
L519				ND					ND			unconcournissing
L534						-						no sulta fan tha
L544												results for the
L551 L566	-					•						
L505	ND											oborostorization
L608												characterization
L633												
L674 L679		-	+					+				of the isolated
L679 L687												
L691				+							1 1	
L692						-						strain
L699				ND					ND			Strain
L712 L718				ND								
L718 L737				UN		-		+				
L775											1 1	
L776												
L804				ND					ND			
L905 L949												
L949 L969												
L986												





#### **Evaluation of the NRL performance in the PT14 procedure**



Real Time PCR screening: red isolation step: orange

Performance higher than 8 was considered as unsatisfactory – 4 labs





## **Evaluation of the performance of the method**

		PCR screening (evaluated for 39 labs)			
Sensit	ivity –			Specificity	
vtx1	<b>WZX<sub>0104</sub></b>		vtx1	vtx2	eae
HL 97.4%	HL 100%		100%	94.8%	100%
LL 92.3%	LL 94.4%				

Isolation step (evaluated for 37 labs for HL and 35 labs for the LL)

Se: 94.6% (high level) and 77.1% (low level)

- LOD<sub>50%</sub>: 182.58 CFU per gram (c.i. 6.4-16.1)
- LOD<sub>95%</sub>: 789.1 CFU per gram (c.i. 27.6-70)





- ✓ 41 NRLs joined the study, results sent by 40
- Penalty points were assigned and only 4 laboratories out of the 40 NRLs that contributed results showed an unsatisfactory performance
- ✓ Almost all the European NRLs are able to detect VTEC contamination in sprouts, according to the prescriptions of Reg. (EU) 209/2013







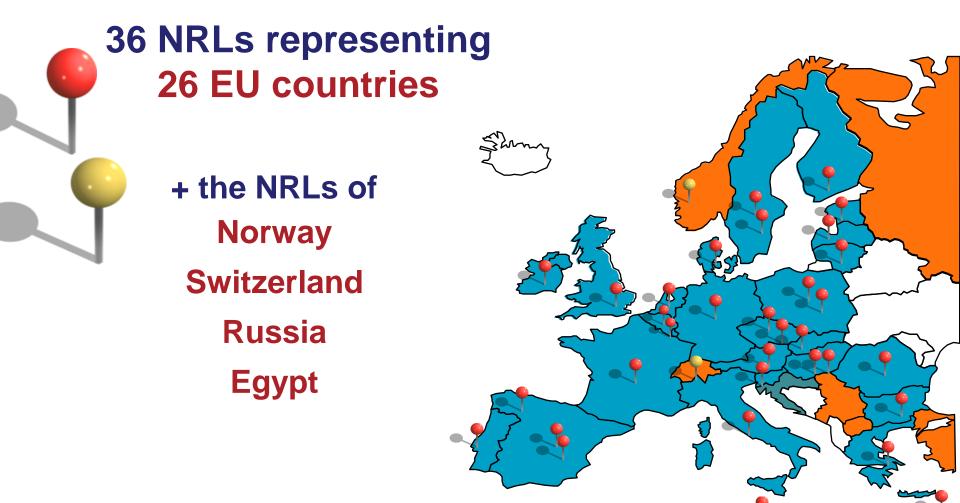
- ✓ Testing for  $fliC_{H4}$  is prescribed by Reg. (EU) 209/2013, and therefore penalty points were assigned to missing result
- The results of the PT enabled us to evaluate the performance parameters of the method indicated in the Reg. (EU) 209/2013 for the detection of VTEC in sprouts, labs can refer to these parameters for the accreditation of the method







**PT15 – Spring 2015** 







## **PT15 – Characteristics of the sprout samples**

#### alpha-alpha (90%) and watercress (10%) sprouts Background microflora around 10<sup>8</sup> CFU/g

Contaminant (Genotype)	Contamination level in:						
	Sample A	Sample B	Sample C				
VTEC O111 (vtx1+, vtx2+, eae+)	High: 1000 CFU/g	Low: 100 CFU/g	-				

#### UoM: 0,138 log CFU/ml

#### Test samples were immediately refrigerated and sent on April the 20<sup>th</sup> into refrigerated safety boxes







**Stability:** *ad hoc* spiked samples were tested in a total 13 days time span (T=0, 3, 6, 10 and 13 days)

**Homogeneity:** When the test samples were prepared, 10 bags for each of the three samples were randomly selected for homogeneity testing and analyzed according to the PT laboratory procedures

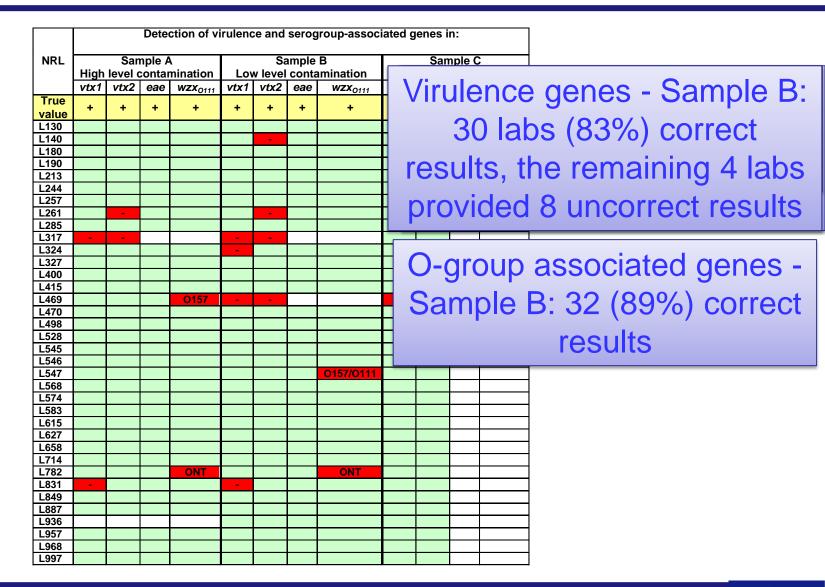
All the homogeneity and stability tests gave the expected results

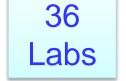






#### PT15 Results: Detection of virulence and serogroup-associated genes









#### PT 15 Results: isolation of the VTEC O111 strain

	VTEC strain isolation and genotyping from:								
		Samp			Sample B				Sample C
NRL	VTEC		Genotype		VTEC		Genot		
	O111 Isolation	vtx1	vtx2	eae	O111 Isolation	vtx1	vtx2	eae	-
True value	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	None
L130									
L140									
L180									
L190									
L213									
L244									
L257									
L261			-				-		
L285									
L317									
L324						-			
L327									
L400									
L415									
L469									
L470									
L498									
L528									
L545									
L546									
L547				-				-	
L568									
L574									
L583									
L615 L627									
L627									l
L658 L714		-	-	-		-	-	-	
L714									
L831									
L849									
L887									l
L007									
L950									
L968									
L908									

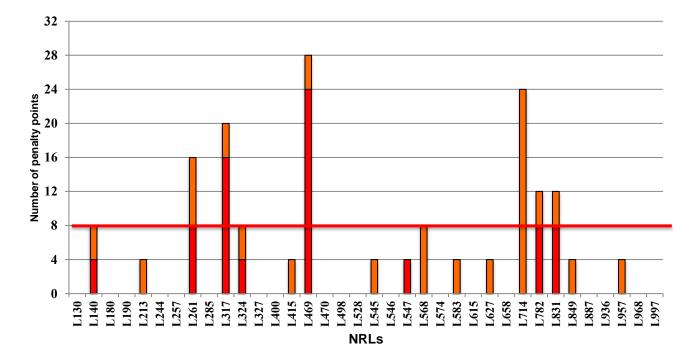
Sample B: 16 labs (44%) isolated O111 strain

However, 4 labs reported uncorrect/missing results for the characterization of the isolated strain





#### **Evaluation of the NRL performance in the PT15 procedure**



Real Time PCR screening: red isolation step: orange

#### Performance higher than 8 was considered as unsatisfactory – 6 Labs





## **Evaluation of the performance of the method**

	Sens	sitivity		creening ed for 33 labs)	Specific	ity
vtx1	vtx2	eae	<b>WZX</b> 0111		vtx1	vtx2
HL 97.0%	HL 97.0%	HL 100%	HL 100%		100%	100%
LL 94.0%	LL 94.0%	LL 100%	LL 94.4%		10070	

Isolation step (evaluated for 33 labs)

Se: 69.7% (high level) and 45.5% (low level)

- LOD<sub>50%</sub>: 377.4 CFU per gram (c.i. 256.5-556) - LOD<sub>95%</sub>: 1,631.1 CFU per gram (c.i. 1,106.9-2,403.3)







- ✓ 36 NRLs participated, all of them submitted the results
- The presence of the VTEC O111 genes was identified correctly by 31
  NRLs (86 %) in sample A (high level of contamination) and by 28 NRLs
  (78 %) in sample B (low level of contamination)
- ✓ Isolation was achieved by 23 NRLs (64 %) from sample A and by 17
  NRLs (47 %) from sample B .









- No penalty points were attributed to the lack of isolation for sample B, and only 6 labs obtained unsatisfactory results
- ✓ Unsuccessful attempts of isolation of O111 strain from PCR-positive enrichment cultures reflects the lack of selective/differential media
- The results of the PT allowed the evaluation of the performance parameters of the method indicated in the Reg. (EU) 209/2013 for the detection of VTEC in sprouts, labs can refer to these parameters for the accreditation of the method







Forthcoming PT16: detection of VTEC in irrigation water, according to Reg. (EU) 209/2013

Aims: evaluate the performance of an ad hoc method for testing such matrix for the presence of VTEC and improve the preparedness of the NRLs towards testing such matrix according to the EU rules

> Get ready to receive the samples at the beginning of December









