



## 11<sup>th</sup> Proficiency Test on the detection of *Anisakis spp.* L3 larvae in fish fillets



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- $\checkmark$  Identification of the presence of Anisakidae L3 larvae in fish fillets
  - ✓ The PT have been organized following the NRL request during the virtual annual workshop in 2021
    - $\checkmark\,$  PT is accredited according to the ISO 17043





### PT timing 2022



#### https://www.iss.it/en/web/iss-en/eurlp-proficiency-testing

















### **Test** material

✓ A panel of 3 items (fish fillet sandwiches) has been prepared
✓ Each fillet sandwiches was spiked with 1 Anisakidae larva

✓ Anisakidae L3 larvae were recovered from the body cavity of a heavily parasitized European horse mackerel

 ✓ Fillets of farmed rainbow trout were freshly prepared and used to guarantee an Anisakidae-free matrix











✓ The L3 identification at genus level was assessed by microscopic examination

### **Test material**



✓ The correct number of larvae was transferred in the pockets by tweezers



✓ Fish sandwiches were sealed individually in a plastic bag under vacuum



✓ The parcel were sent to participants by international courier









### **Instructions to participants** and Detection Methods

#### The laboratories were allowed to use one (or a combination) of the following methods



Tests suggested to detect Anisakidae larvae in fish fillets

- ✓ Artificial digestion
- $\checkmark$  UV on squeezed and frozen
- ✓ Candling by lighting
- ✓ Compression system

NORME ISO INTERNATIONALE

23036-2

Première édition 2021-04



Microbiology of the food chain - Methods for the detection of Anisakidae L3 larvae in fish and fishery products -Part 2: Artificial digestion method

Partie 2:

#### **Artificial digestion**



First edition 2021-04



Part 1: **UV-press** method

fishery products -

Methods for the detection of

Microbiologie de la chaîne alimentaire — Méthodes de recherche des larves L3 d'Anisakidae dans le poisson et les produits de la pêche -Partie 1: Méthode presse/UV

#### **UV examination**



#### Candling



#### **Compressorium**







### **PT Evaluation criteria**

The PT evaluation is <u>qualitative</u> (presence or absence of larvae)

The result is "correct" if the laboratory detected Anisakidae larvae in the three spiked samples

The result is "incorrect" if the laboratory did not detect any larva in the spiked samples

Lab code	expected	observed	Result (correct/incorrect)	evaluation (positive/negative)		
Ax	3	3	correct			
	1	1	correct	Positive		
	3	3	correct			
Ахх	3	0	incorrect			
	1	1	correct	Negative		
	3	3	correct			

The PT is considered "POSITIVE" if "correct" results were obtained The PT is considered "NEGATIVE" if at least one "incorrect" result was obtained







Albania
Austria
Austria
Belgium
Bosnia-Herzegovina
Bulgaria
Czech Republic
Estonia
Finland
Finland
France
France
Germany
Greece
Hungary
Iceland
Ireland
Italy
Latvia
Lithuania
Norway
Poland
Portugal
Rep. of North Macedonia
Romania
Serbia
Slovak Rep.
Slovenia
Spain
Sweden

### **PT Participants**





### **PT Results**

Lab code	o code N° of spiked/detected larvae <sup>1</sup>		etected	Method(s)	Final Evaluation		
	1	1	1				
A1	1 1 1		1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A2	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A3	1	1	0	Artificial digestion	Negative		
A4	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A5	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A6	1	1	1	Candling; Artificial digestion	Positive		
A7	1	1	1	Candling; Artificial digestion	Positive		
A9	1	1 1 Artificial digestion		Artificial digestion	Positive		
A10	A10 1 1 1		1	Candling; Artificial digestion	Positive		
A12			1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A13	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A15	1	1	1	UV examination after freezing (UV-Press)	Positive		
A16	1	1	1	UV examination after freezing (UV-Press)	Positive		
A18	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A19	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A20	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A21	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A25	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A26	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A28	0	1	1	UV examination after freezing (UV-Press)	Negative		
A29	1	1	1	UV examination after freezing (UV-Press)	Positive		
A30	1	1	1	Candling; Artificial digestion	Positive		
A31	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A32	1	0	1	Artificial digestion	Negative		
A35	0	0	0	Artificial digestion	Negative		
A36	1	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A38	1	0	1	Compressorium; Artificial digestion	Negative		
A39	1	1	1	UV examination after freezing (UV-Press)	Positive		
A43	26	1	1	Artificial digestion	Positive		
A44	1	1	1	Candling	Positive		

<sup>1</sup>Number of recovered larvae are reported

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#### Participation 30/30 labs sent the results

#### **Methods**

19 Artificial digestion alone (63%) (4 labs followed ISO 23036-2)

- 5 UV-Press (16%) (3 labs followed ISO 23036-1)
- 4 Candling + Artificial digestion
- 1 Artificial digestion + compressorium
- 1 Candling



### **Detection**

- 25 labs of 30 passed the PT
- 5 labs failed: 4 using the digestion method, 1 UV-press method
- 4 labs reported one false negative and one reported all false negative
- 1 lab overestimated the number of spiked larvae (n=26)









# **PTO4 Trend**





2009	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
0%	4%	18,5%	7%	7%	30%	0%	7,5%	22%	13%	16%

Percentage of participants failing the PT overtime





### Conclusions 11<sup>th</sup> PT on the detection of *Anisakis spp.* L3 larvae in fish fillets

- ✓ A stable number of PT participants was recorded in 2022 compared to previous years
- ✓ 16% of laboratories failed the PT
- ✓ Only one lab overestimated (n=26) the number of spiked larvae
- ✓ all other labs that passed the PT reported the exact number of larvae
- ✓ Among the methods adopted the most widespread is artificial digestion followed by UV examination and candling used in combination with artificial digestion











# Thanks for your

# attention





