# Introduction to NGS data formats, quality check and analytical tools

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Bioinformatics training, July 2019





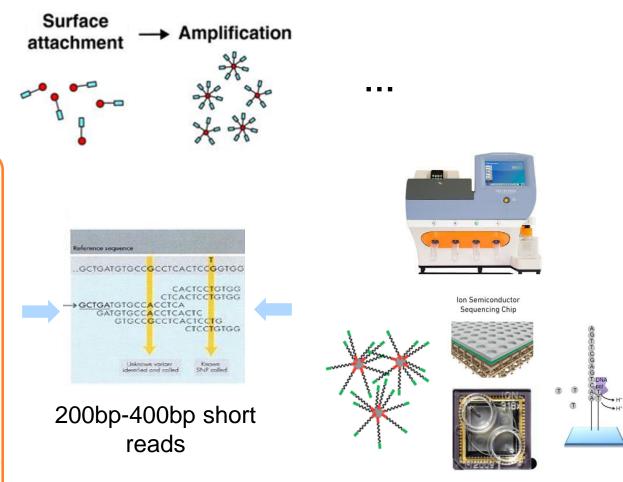
## Conventional sequencing vs NGS

#### Conventional **NGS** Pipeline **DNA** extraction Genome **DNA** fragmentation fragmentation **Clone into Vectors** End repair and adaptor ligation Transform bacteria, grow, isolate vector DNA Surface attachment Sequence the library Amplification -**Electrophoresis** and detection ....ATGATGCCC Sequencing GAATGGG....

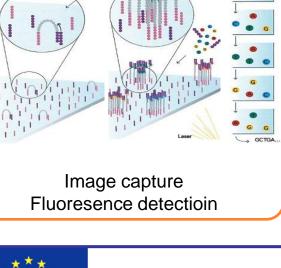




# **Next generation sequencing**



pH variation when incorporating nucleotides in the growing strand



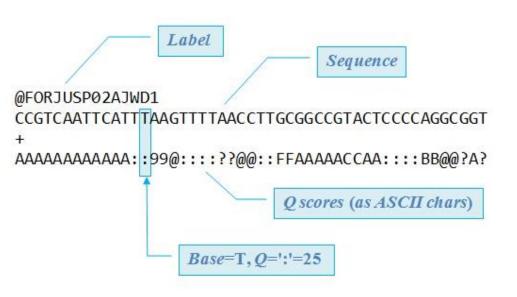
MiSeq

illumina





## .fastq files



Each .fastq file covering a 5 Mb genome at 50X weights about **500 MB** 

#### Phred quality scores are logarithmically linked to error probabilities

Phred Quality Score	Probability of incorrect base call	Base call accuracy
10	1 in 10	90%
20	1 in 100	99%
30	1 in 1000	99.9%
40	1 in 10,000	99.99%
50	1 in 100,000	99.999%
60	1 in 1,000,000	99.9999%

Phred quality score

$$Q = -10 \log_{10} P$$

from 0 to 93 using ASCII characters 33 to 126





## .fastq files

```
@
        @X1L6C:01561:00672
        AAATATCACCAAATAAAAAACGCCTTAGTAAGTATTTTTCAGCTTTTCATTCTGACTGCAACGGGCAATATGTCTCTGTGTG
        GATTAAAAAAAGGTGTCTGATAGCAGCTTCTGAACTGGTTACCTGCCGTGAGTAAATTAAAATTTTATTGACTTAGGTCAC
        TAAATACTTTAACCAATATAGGCATAGCGCACAGACAGATAAAAAATTACAGAGTACACAACATCCATGAAACGCATTAGCA
        CCACCATTACCACCACCATCACCATTACCACAGGTAACGGTGCGGGCTGACGCGTACAGGAAACACAGAAAAAAAGCCCGCA
        CCTGACAGTGCGGGCTTTTTTCGACCAAAGGTAACGAGGTAACAACCATGCG
        CC:9::FBC<CD7:88888(:>><C<CCC<<CCBBAAB/A@A8888,;<@;AABBB=?;B98992:B<
        CGBBCGDCC??BCC;BB<ADEEED*CCCAAACCCBCABBDDBB>B??A;999;@8=>199A7>9::CBCH:B:>>>)999)
        77037;<7==5=@@BBCC:C@BBB9B<E<D9>?><<6ADCBCBAABB@@@DDCCBA@@==+=.//?B<??AEB::6;DCD>
        C:;;;-:9:BC<BBCCC9??<AA;AG<CB>GD@B;;;A<AE;AA<B??@9@C<BB<???BB;BBBAAAA:::BAB099/9>
        @======(<<?)99997>>CCEBA>>=>2373333&3:99-33(3--717---43606704/47761
@X1L6C:01104:03031
        AGAAGCTGCTATCAGACACTCTTTTTTTAATCCACACAGAGACATATTGCCCGTTGCAGTCAGAATGAAAAGCTGAAAAATA
        CTTACTAAGGCGTTTTTTATTTGGTGATATTTTTTTCAATATCATGCAGCAAACGGTGCAACATTGCCGTGTCTCGTTGCTC
        TAAAAGCCCCAGGCG
        @AC=BCCC???B?@@CBB@???>>>>*?8??>DAABEBCBABCAAA:@@>+9:8>;<;//.
        98283988*44449;;9/88:?29:>>5;78333333&399298:6/./DCDDCC';>:ACBDAABB??9::+9<
        1444@:?77-3<03368:8755888;:9833)3777'--'--
@
        @X1L6C:03659:02717
        GCTTCTGAACTGGTTACCTGCCGTGAGTAAATTAAAATTTTATTGACTTAGGTCACTAAATACTTTAACCAATATAGGCATA
        GCGCACAGACAGATAAAAATTACAGAGTACACACATCCATGAAACGCATTAGCACCACCATTACCACCACCATCACCATTA
        CCACAGGTAACGGTGCGGGCTGACGCGTACAGGAAAACACAGAAAAAAAGACCCGCCACTGACCAGTGCG
        ???9?BB@<CAA;A8@?:?@@5::BCCCEC;C=CCC8CEJ8DE;AACF>CC?DDCCCBB:B@???99;B=B=CAA@?;?BCG
        CCCCCCBABBBBCCDDAA2:4;@???CAB@AAA9@@AB?C:;;C;CDCCC>ECCAA<AC<CB>DC<AB=CD=C9::A4::>
        CC;@@@A?CI@DDAFKDDD:A@CBCDC::::99199+8;4746@CA?)<444/3:4934333-3888//
@
        @X1L6C:02011:02071
        CAACATCCATGAAACGCATTAGCACCACCATTACCACCATCACCATTACCACAGGTAACGGTGCGGGTGACGCGTACAG
        =0>>>19;;,;;7=CCDADC;?:::::,5;;==4>273:<@BBCF=CDH;@;MMFEED@?>>>::::*5/55<
        ;::@:;:BC=BCBB<B@@D<@@B:;3:::9@<BB=BD=AC;@B:??3::CAC=CD;;;=BBAB>CC;AA;BAAAA9AD@>>
        >>?955>4?949998555555&4<>2:;661499888...88/56666666$;6/.5:8(..+'++
@
        @X1L6C:01333:03005
        TGTACAGCTACGTACGTCTGAGCATCGATCGATGTACAGCTACG
        555/55/(//(///(/8:9:<=>?<?@:98A??676<:;;@:555555554444;=4443333;383338<68>>
        68=3331118311111111113933644588?==<76992---2+++0/
```

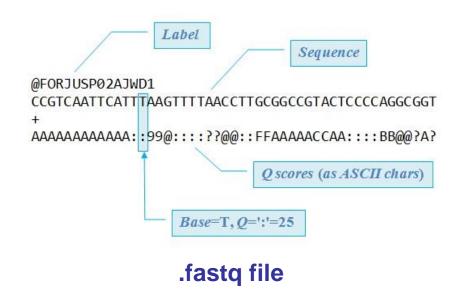
#### ...and so on





## **Quality check**

Output of NGS sequencers



Input for quality check

Sequencing errors would impact every following application

Unreliability of following results (and difficulty to detect the existence of problems!)





### **Parameters to control**

- Phred score
- GC content distribution over all sequences
- Distribution of undetermined bases (N)
- Distribution of nucleotides
- ★ Length of the reads
- ★ Coverage

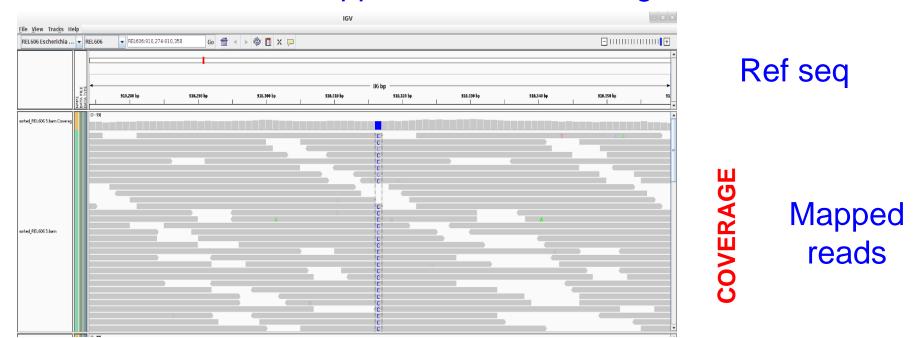
Adoption of corrective actions is possible to minimize some of these problems





## **Coverage (depth)**

#### Reads mapped on a reference genome



Coverage assessment:

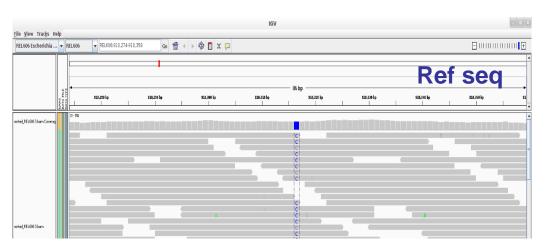
Total length sequenced in Mb / expected genome size (5 Mb) Count of reads mapping on housekeeping genes (e.g. MLST)





## **Alignment (mapping)**

Alignment of the sequencing reads on a reference sequence or on a database of reference sequences



Possibility to directly inspect the presence/absence of a target sequence and the presence of SNPs at interesting positions by opening the bam file with a graphic viewer (e.g. IGV)

QNAME	FLAG	RNAME	POS	MAPQ	CIGAR
ME2UT:01383:01267	0	gad:3:EF547388	1285	0	113M18I4M
ME2UT:02555:01592	16	gad:4:CP001925	1123	0	27M1I248M39I4M
ME2UT:02231:01820	0	gad:5:CP001846	87	1	138M
ME2UT:01605:00255	16	gad:5:CP001846	399	1	51M
ME2UT:01345:02031	16	gad:5:CP001846	685	1	176M
ME2UT:03330:02136	16	gad:5:CP001846	1050	1	6M1I38M
ME2UT:01475:02165	0	gad:6:BA000007	1	0	3M31I47M1D130M
ME2UT:01488:00709	16	gad:6:BA000007	1	0	4M32I55M1I149M
ME2UT:01943:01152	16	gad:6:BA000007	13	1	196M1I50M1I10M

Possibility to convert the output in a sam file (tabular) to extract interesting info and sequences





## **Assembly**

#### **Short sequencing reads**

#### Partially assembled genome (contigs)

#### .fastq file

@HWI-ST700693:238:B0224ACXX:1:1101:1218:1982 NACACTTGCTTTGGTGACAGCGGGGCATCCTCAAGC #1=DDDDDHAFF?GEFGIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII @HWI-ST700693:238:B0224ACXX:1:1101:1161:1986 NGATTTTGACCTCTCCAGTTTCCTCTTAACACTTTG #1:BDFFFGHHHGJJJIIJHIJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJ @HWI-ST700693:238:B0224ACXX:1:1101:1193:1989 NTATCCAGCCTGCGGTGCTACTTGGTGGAAGAGGAT #1=DDFFFHGHGGJJFGHJJIJJIEGECHDFHCC? @HWI-ST700693:238:B0224ACXX:1:1101:1440:1981 NTCAAGAATCCAAGTGGGGCCAGCATAATGTACGCT #1=DDFFFHGHDFDAEGIIFGIICGGHGBFGEFDHI @HWI-ST700693:238:B0224ACXX:1:1101:1367:1983 NATTAGAACAGATCGCTACTTCGCCCGAAGATACAT #4BDFFFFHHHHHJGIJIJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJJ @HWI-ST700693:238:B0224ACXX:1:1101:1395:1988 NTGGAAACGTTTTTAAACGCGGAGACAGCGTGGAGT #1=DDFFFHCFFHJJJIJJIJJJJJGGIFHIGI7 @HWI-ST700693:238:B0224ACXX:1:1101:1285:1994 NCTTTGCTGTATTGACCGTTTGTAGATTTGAATCTT #4=DDFFFHBHHHHIGIJFHIJFGGGIGIHIJIJII @HWI-ST700693:238:B0224ACXX:1:1101:1632:1989



#### .fasta file

>NODE 1 length 449 cov 4.835189 ATCTTTCGCGCCTTCCAGCTCCAGCCATTCGGAACCGTTCGCCAGAAAACGGGCGTAATC GGGTAAGACATAGCGCGGTTTGTACGGCGCATGACCTTCAAACATATCGCAGATTACACC TTCATCCAGCGCGCGGGGCTTCGGCAGGAAGCTGTGGGTAAGGCAGATTGTTTTCTGC TTCCAGTGCCAGAAAATGGCGCTTCTGCTCCGGGCTAAGCACTGGGCTGGTGACAATTTG CTGGCAACGTTGTTGCAGTGCATTTTCATGAGAAGTGGGCATCTTCTTTTCCTTTTATGC CGAAGGTGATGCGCCATTGTAAGAAGTTTCGTGATGTTCACTTTGATCCTGATGCGTTTG CCACCACTGACGCATTCATTTGAAAGTGAATTATTTGAACCAGATCGCATTACAGTGATG CAAACTTGTAAGTAGATTTCCTTAATTGTGATGTGTATCGAAGTGTGTTGCGG >NODE 2 length 309 cov 4.686084 ACTGGTCAGTGCGGGTATCCTTGGACAATGGCCGATTGGACGTCTGGCGGATAAGTTTGG TCGACTGCTGGTGTTGCGTGTTCAGGTCTTTGTCGTCATTCTCGGCAGTATCGCGATGCT TAGCCAGGCGGCGATGGCCCCAGCGTTATTCATCCTCGGTGCCGCTGGCTTTACGCTATA TCCGGTGGCGATGGCATGGGCTTGCGAGAAAGTTGAACATCATCAACTGGTGGCGATGAA CCAGGCCTTACTGTTGAGCTATACTGTGGGAAGTCTGCTTGGCCCGTCATTTACCGCTAT GCTAATGCAGAATTTCTCCGATAATTTATTGTT >NODE 3 length 101 cov 3.346535 AGCGCATGAGCĞCGCAGCGCCGCCGTTACGTGGTGCATCAGCATGATGTTGGCCGGAGAG TACAGAGACTCCCCTTCATCCATGATGCCCTCTTTCACCAGCAGTTCTTCAATCATCACC AGACC >NODE 4 length 311\_cov\_3.610933 CATCAÃCGCTAĂAAGCCAGATGÃCGCAGACCGCAAGCTTCCGGTCGGCTGGGTCGTTCCG GCGGGAACGGAAATGAGAAAAGCTCAATCACATATTGCCCATTAAGCGCCAAATCCCCTT TCCATGAGTCGCGCGCTTCGCGATAGACTTCGCTTTGCAGCGTGAAACCAAGAATATCGC AGTAGAAAGCTTTGCTCACCGCATAATCCGTCGCAATAATCGCAATATGGTGAACCTGTT TTAAACCCAGCATAACGTCTCCTTTATTTGTTAACAGCACGTTACTCGCCCGGAAGCCGC TCTGGCAAGTTATCCCGCCATTTTTAGGACTCGTA >NODE 5 length 186 cov 4.973118 CGAAGĀTĀTAAĞAAĀGCGĀACCĀGAAAGAATGCCGGAGAACTTCATCAATTCATCACCTG CATTGAGCAGATTTTGCAGGTTCTCAATAACCGGTAATCCAGCCCCAACGTTGGTGTCAT AGAGGAATTTACGCCGCGATTTTTCCGCCGCATAACGCAACTGATGGTAGTAATCCATCG ACGAGGTGTTGGCCTTTTTGTTCGGCGTGA

FastqSize ≈ GenomeSize x Coverage x 2

At least 0.5 GB per genome

NTCTATGAATGTTCAAGCGGTAGCTGAGGAGAGTCC

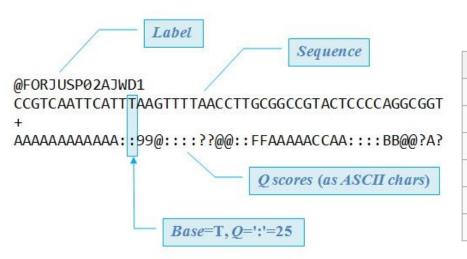
FastaSize for *E. coli* contigs

~5.5 MB





#### What should be trimmed out?



Phred quality scores are logarithmically linked to error probabilities

	,	•
Phred Quality Score	Probability of incorrect base call	Base call accuracy
10	1 in 10	90%
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30	1 in 1000	99.9%
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Low quality positions

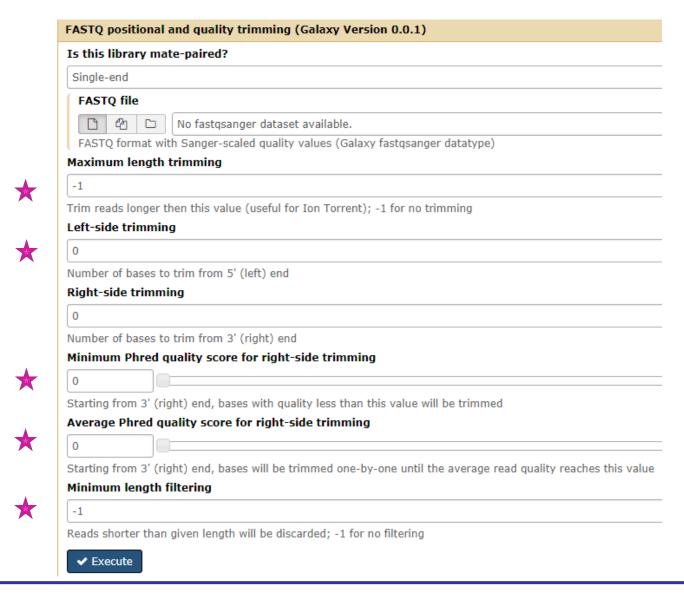
Adaptors and barcodes

Very short sequencing reads





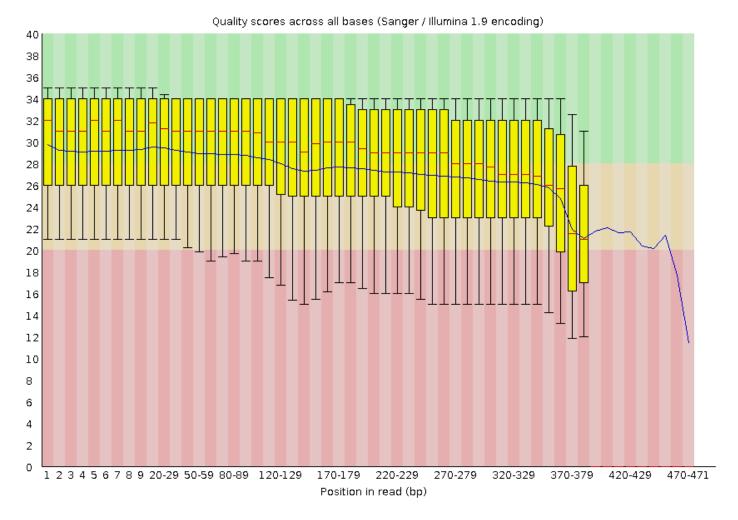
## What should be trimmed out?







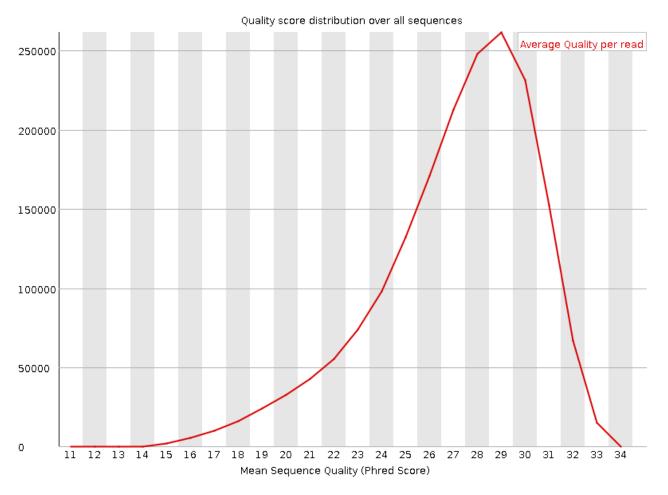
#### Per base sequence quality







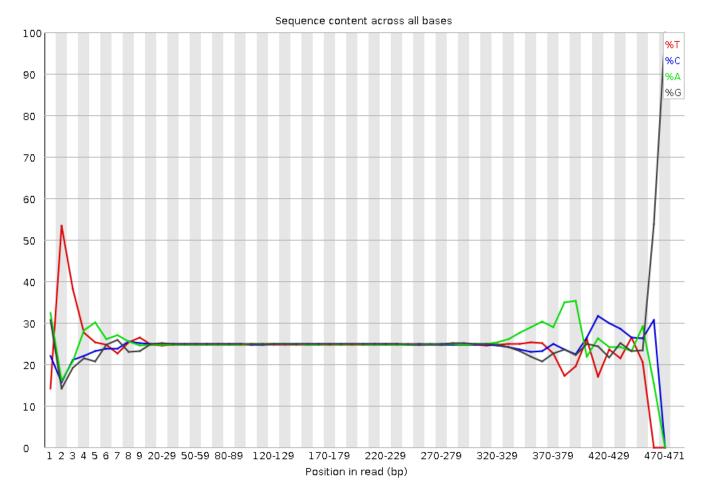
#### Per sequence quality scores







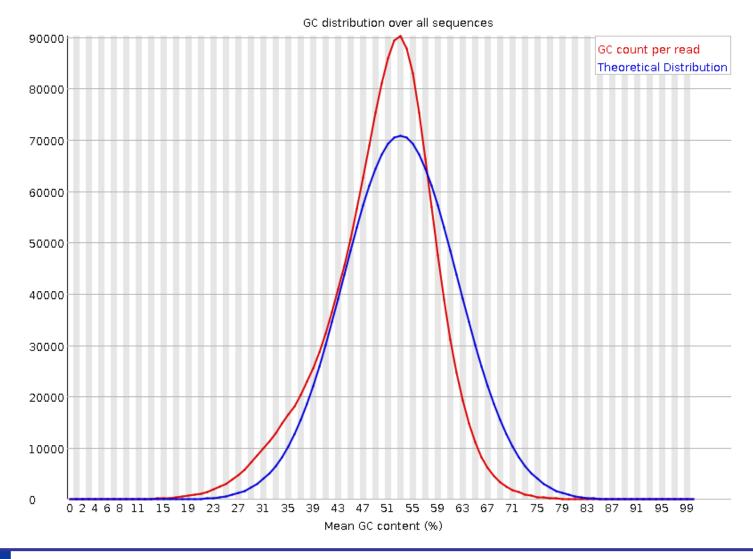
#### ②Per base sequence content







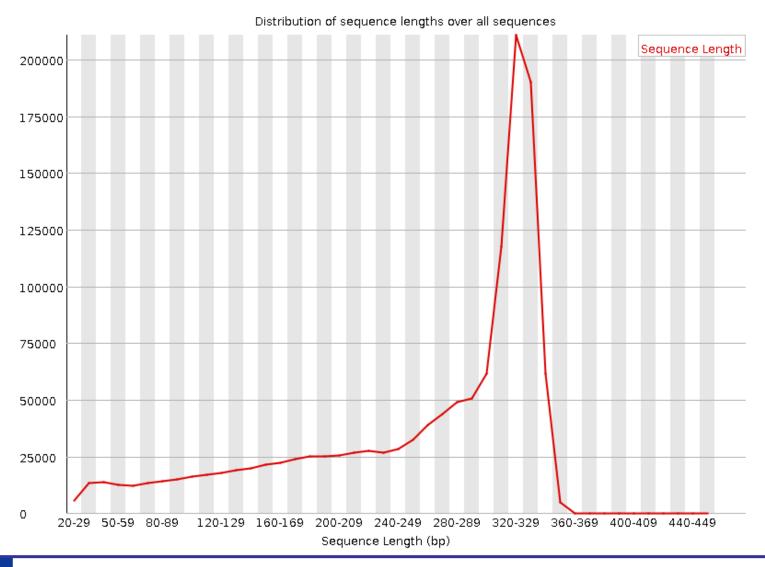
#### Per sequence GC content







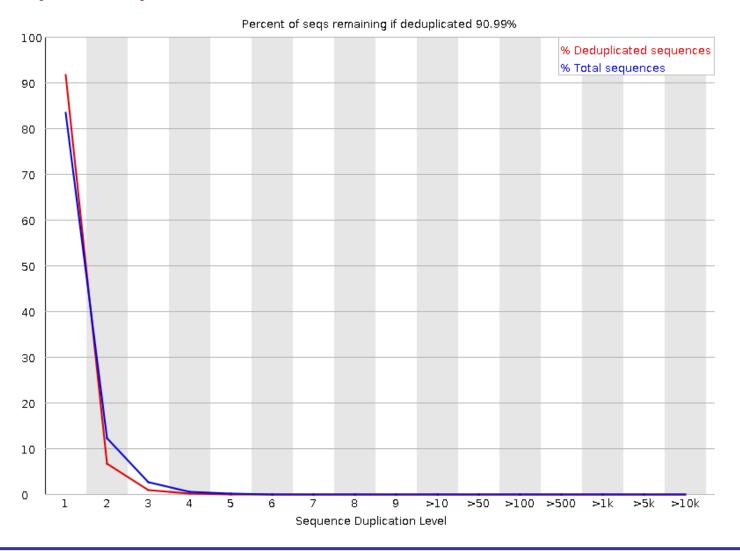
#### **Sequence Length Distribution**







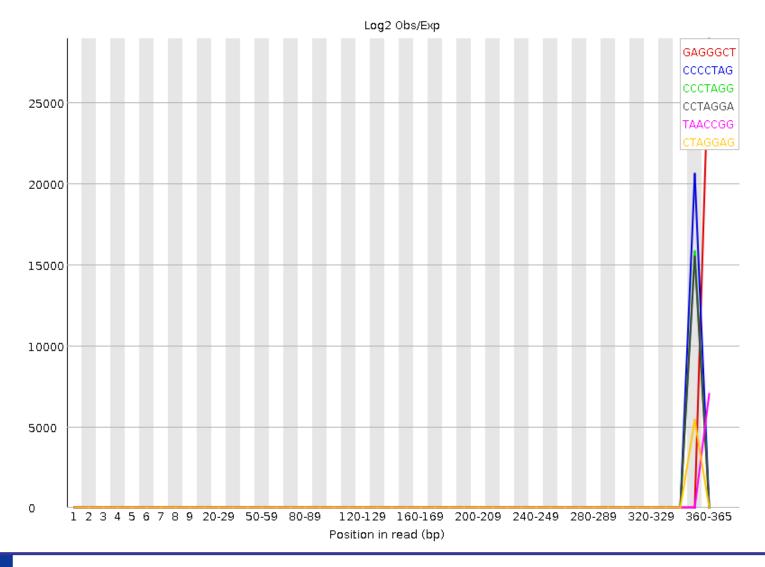
#### Sequence Duplication Levels







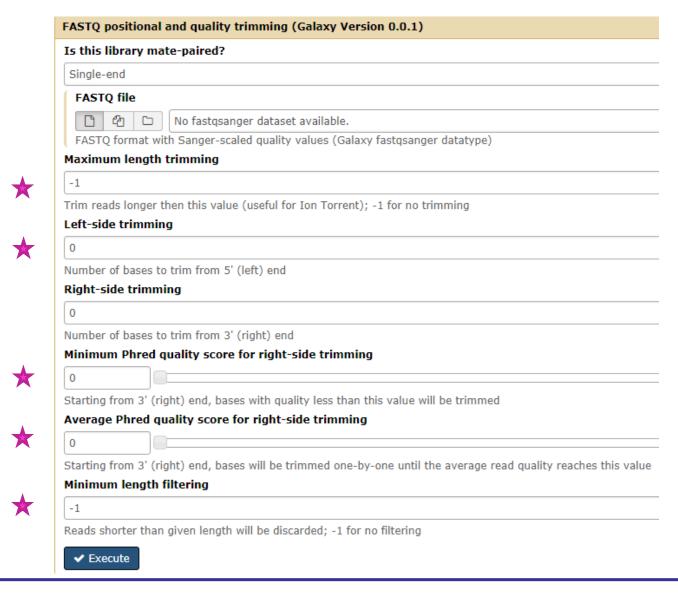
#### **Kmer Content**







### What should be trimmed out?

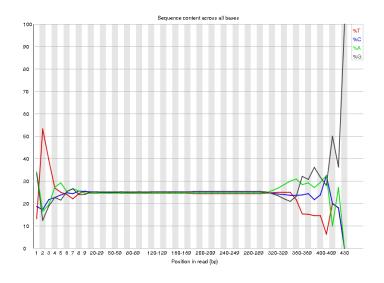






## **Before trimming**





# **After trimming**

