

Twentieth annual EURLP workshop, Rome 28-29 October 2025









# Aims of the proficiency testing (PT)



To evaluate the competence of laboratories



To assess the performance of commercial kits



for the detection of **anti-***Toxoplasma* **IgG** in swine serum samples





# **Participating laboratories:**

#### Countries

1 Austria 9 Lithuania

2 Belgium 10 Norway

3 Denmark 11 Poland

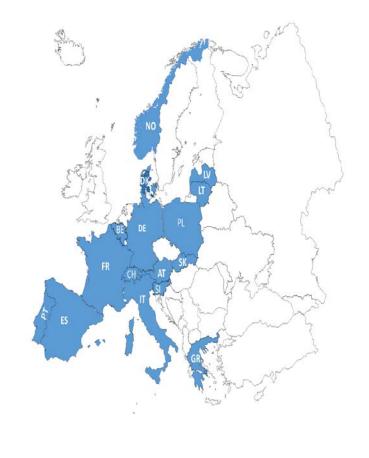
4 France 12 Portugal

5 Germany 13 Slovakia

6 Greece 14 Slovenia

7 Italy 15 Spain

8 Latvia 16 Switzerland







#### Materials and methods 1/3

Detection of anti-*Toxoplasma* IgG can be performed using **any serological test**. Each laboratory should adopt the assay(s) **commonly employed in its routine procedures**.

The test material forwarded to each laboratory consisted of a panel of **3 serum samples** collected from *T. gondii* free or *T.gondii* experimentally infected animals.



These serum samples were individually tested for anti-Toxoplasma IgG by ID Screen Toxoplasmosis Indirect Multi-species.



# IDScreen test interpretation





# Serum samples tested

Serum sample Code	Expected result	S/P
s.1	Positive	100%
s.2	Positive	75%
s.3	Negative	6,4%





#### Materials and methods 2/3

# Serum samples were:





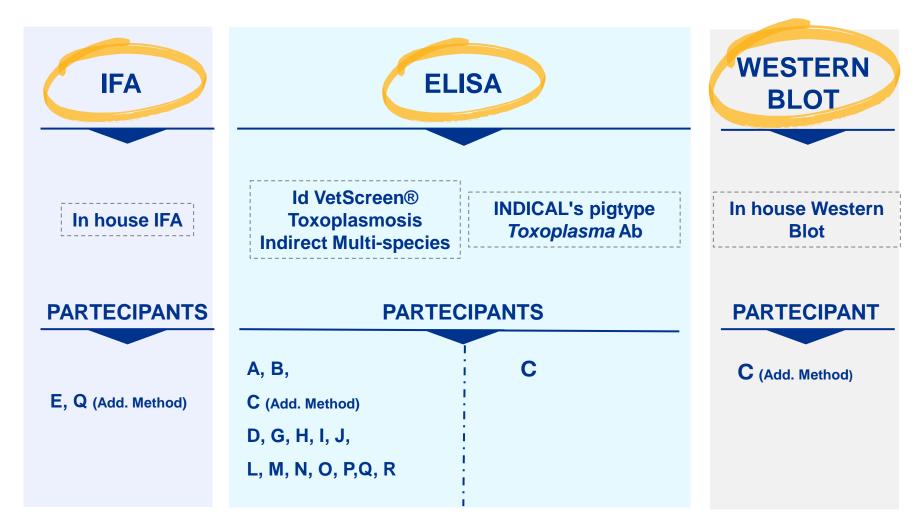
Each laboratory received a **link** available to NRLs on the EURLP website to the **online survey** platform Microsoft Forms, through which **PT results** and other details could be submitted





#### Materials and methods 3/3









#### Criteria for the final PT evaluation





#### **Qualitative:**

The participating laboratory had to indicate the positivity or negativity of each sample



The result of the analysis of each serum sample was reported as:

correctly classified or incorrectly classified





"Positive" if all samples are correctly classified



"Negative" in all the other cases





### **Results**

Sample	Expec.	Lab. code																
Code	results	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	L	M	N	o	P	Q	R
1	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
2	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



**16/16** NRLs correctly classified as positive or negative all serum samples





## PT evaluation

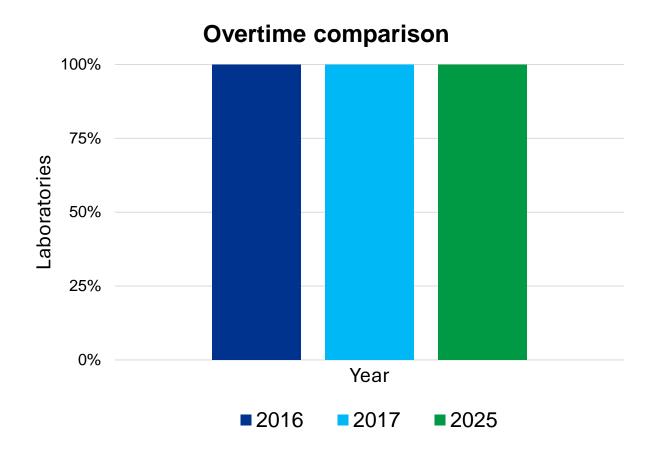
<u>Laboratory</u> code	N° of samples correctly classified	X N° of samples NOT correctly classified	<b>Result</b>			
A	3/3	0/3	Positive			
В	3/3	0/3	Positive			
C	3/3	0/3	Positive			
D	3/3	0/3	Positive			
E	3/3	0/3	Positive			
G	3/3	0/3	Positive			
H	3/3	0/3	Positive			
I	3/3	0/3	Positive			
J	3/3	0/3	Positive			
$\mathbf{L}$	3/3	0/3	Positive			
$\mathbf{M}$	3/3	0/3	Positive			
N	3/3	0/3	Positive			
0	3/3	0/3	Positive			
P	3/3	0/3	Positive			
Q	3/3	0/3	Positive			
R	3/3	0/3	Positive			





#### **Conclusions**

All laboratories (100%) **correctly classified** all serum samples throughout all the years it was organized







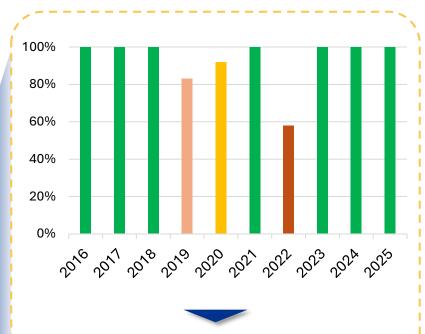
## **Considerations for future planning**

In the last 10 years we have been organizing the Toxoplasma PT in different animal species

During this period, some laboratories failed to correctly classify certain serum samples

In recent years, consistent laboratories results confirm the assays reliability and staff expertise





Therefore, we are considering **not**repeating the Toxoplasma PT next
year, unless there is a specific request
from some countries to participate





# **Acknowledgments**



- NRL Toxoplasmosis Friedrich-Loeffler-Institut,
- Dr. Gereon Schares



For kindly supplying the sera provided for this PT

#### **AND**



- European Union Reference Laboratory for Parasites
- Dr. Francesco Celani
- Dr. Antonio Di Grazia
- Dr. Irene Tartarelli



For their assistance in organizing the Toxoplasma PT







# Proficiency Testing for the detection of anti-*Trichinella* IgG in swine serum samples

Twentieth annual EURLP workshop, Rome 28-29 October 2025



Alessandra Ludovisi





#### Introduction 1/2





The International Commission on Trichinellosis (ICT) does not recommend using **serological tests** to inspect individual animal carcasses at slaughter for food safety purposes



Regulation (EU) 2015/1375 requires the use of **direct detection methods**, such as artificial digestion, for *Trichinella* testing in susceptible animals intended for human consumption



This is because animals may carry **infectious muscle larvae** before antibodies become detectable





The ICT recommends the detection of specific antibodies, in particular IgG, to confirm a suspected clinical diagnosis of trichinellosis.





#### Introduction 2/2

**Antibody detection** is both suitable and appropriate for surveillance of *Trichinella sp.* infection in domestic animals and wildlife, and its use can contribute to the knowledge on *Trichinella* circulation

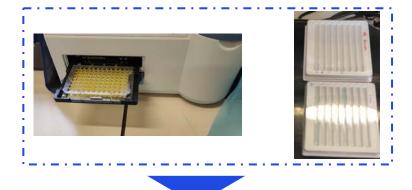


Serological methods included in epidemiological studies have to be validated

# Aims of the proficiency testing (PT)







To assess the performance of commercial kits



in detecting anti-*Trichinella* IgG in swine serum samples





## **Participanting laboratories**





German Federal Institute for Risk Assessment (BfR)

#### Serbia



University of Belgrade, Institute for the Application of Nuclear Energy - INEP

#### **Slovenia**



University of Ljubljana, Veterinary Faculty, National Veterinary Institute, NRL for parasites

#### Spagna



Central Laboratory of Animal Health (LCSA)

**Laboratories M and T** erroneously made the request to participate. They received the serum panel, but it was not tested.





#### Material and methods 1/3



**Any serological test** based on the detection of anti-*Trichinella* IgG could be used. Each laboratory should choose the test/s **routinely used.** 



The test material forwarded to each laboratory consisted of a panel of **5 serum samples**, which are reference sera from the EURLP:

# From *T. spiralis* experimentally infected animals:

- Sample 1 (SCp+2),
- **Sample 2** (SCp+4),
- Sample 3 (SCp+114,WOAH/OIE reference serum )

#### From *Trichinella* free animals:

- **Sample 4** (SCp-192),
- **Sample 5** (SCp-214).



These serum samples were individually analyzed at the **EURLP** for detecting anti-*Trichinella* IgG using validated **serological methods**:

- Indirect ELISA
- Western Blot





#### Materials and methods 2/3

Serum sample code	Optical density O.D.	Expected result
Sample 1	1,12	Positive
Sample 2	1,004	Positive
Sample 3	0,582	Positive
Sample 4	0,226	Negative
Sample 5	0,176	Negative

### **Serum samples were:**

**Distributed** in 100 μL aliquots



**Preserved** with 1% merthiolate solution



**Labelled** with a code



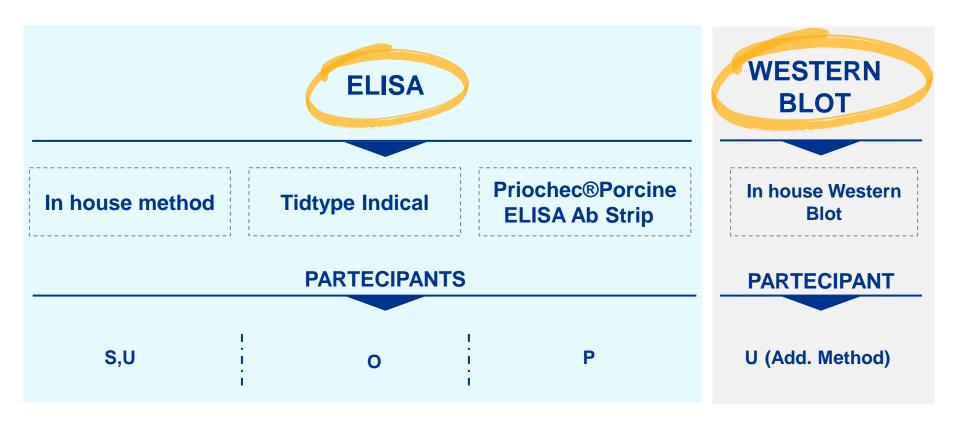
Each laboratory received a **link** available to NRLs on the EURLP website to the **online survey** platform Microsoft Forms, through which **PT results** and other details could be submitted





#### Materials and methods 3/3









#### **Results**

Sample	Labs code							
Code	Expect. results	0	Р	S	U	<b>M</b> *	T*	
1	+	+	+	+	+	N.A.	N.A.	
2	+	+	+	+	+	N.A.	N.A.	
3	+	+	+	+	+	N.A.	N.A.	
4	-	-	-	-	-	N.A.	N.A.	
5	-	-	-	-	-	N.A.	N.A.	

<sup>\*</sup> Labs M and T erroneously submitted the request to participate in the PT. They received the serum panel, but it was not tested.



4/4 NRLs correctly classified as positive all serum samples





#### Criteria for the final PT evaluation





#### **Qualitative:**

The participating laboratory had to indicate the positivity or negativity of each sample



The result of the analysis of each serum sample was reported as:

correctly classified or incorrectly classified





"Positive" if all samples are correctly classified



"Negative" in all the other cases





#### PT evaluation

Sample Code	N° of samples correctly classified	X N° of samples NOT correctly classified	Final evaluation	
<b>M</b> *	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	
0	5/5	0/5	Positive	
Р	5/5	0/5	Positive	
S	5/5	0/5	Positive	
<b>T</b> *	N.A. N.A.		N.A.	
U	5/5	0/5	Positive	





<sup>\*</sup>Labs M and T **erroneously** submitted the request to participate in the PT. They received the serum panel, but it was not tested

#### **Conclusions**

All laboratories correctly classified all serum samples



The diagnostic kits used both in-house and commercial were immunoenzymatic assays

No discrepancies or borderline results were observed during the evaluation

The complete consistency of the results across laboratories highlights both the high reliability of the assays and the technical competence of the testing personnel



## **Acknowledgments**

Dr. Francesco Celani Dr. Antonio Di Grazia Dr. Irene Tartarelli

European Union Reference Laboratory for Parasites

For their assistance in organizing the Toxoplasma PT













